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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/635,641	08/07/2003	Hironori Sahara	030943	8804	
38834	7590 09/01/2005	09/01/2005		EXAMINER	
WESTERMAN, HATTORI, DANIELS & ADRIAN, LLP 1250 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NW			HARRINGTON, ALICIA M		
SUITE 700			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20036		2873		
		•	DATE MAILED: 09/01/2009	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/635,641	SAHARA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_
	Alicia M. Harrington	2873	_
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- tiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON latute, cause the application to become AB.	CATION. ply be timely filed I'HS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ▼ T 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	his action is non-final. wance except for formal matte	· •	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>7-12</u> is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 August 2003</u> is/an Applicant may not request that any objection to to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	re: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square ob the drawing(s) be held in abeyan rection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line	ents have been received. ents have been received in Apriority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	•
Attachment(s)			
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) ·	

Application/Control Number: 10/635,641 Page 2

Art Unit: 2873

DETAILED ACTION

1. The after-final remarks filed on 8/16/05 were found persuasive. The final rejection mailed 5/17/05 is withdrawn and the following rejection is non-final rejection of claims 1-6. Claims 7-12 are still withdrawn from further consideration, as the claims drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1- 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rubin et al (US 4,733,246) in view of Dane (US 4,743,095).

Regarding claims 1 and 5, Rubin discloses an ultra-lightweight electromagnetic wave concentrator comprising a thin film curved body (12/14; col. 2, lines 35-45) that has a reflective surface that assume the surface shape that is part of a paraboloid of revolution (see figure 3) or of a curved surface modeling same, wherein a reinforcing structure (#18 or #30) is formed at least in the peripheral zone of said reflective surface (30-see col. 2, lines 57-65) to increase the rigidity of the thin-film curved body. Rubin fails to specifically disclose the thin film is molded by the effect of stress relaxation and the support/reinforcing structure is a grooved structured.

Application/Control Number: 10/635,641

Page 3

Art Unit: 2873

Dane teaches supporting a reflector with a structure that is grooved/channel (#35;see col. 2,lines 54-67). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a reinforcing groove structure in order to support the reflective structure while not adding to the deformation of the curved surface of the reflector, is a cost efficient support system, and this type of support is known in the prior art. Additionally, product by process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695,698,227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985)see MPEP 2113. Thus, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to mold by stress relaxation process for making a reflector, since stress relaxation is process for applying thin-films is known in the art and provides a surface with out cracks and blemishes (evenly distributed-easily molded). Regarding claim 2, Rubin discloses the an ultra-lightweight electromagnetic wave concentrator according to claim 1, wherein said reinforcing structure (#18 or #30) is molded by said effect of stress relaxation simultaneously with the molding of the thin film materials. Rubin disclose the wave concentrator is made at the same time the supporting structure (for example #18) is made using an adhesive to bring them together (see col. 2, lines 35-47). Withoos also processes the reflector and grooved support in a one step process (see col. 2, lines 20-31).

Regarding claim 3, Rubin discloses an ultra-lightweight electromagnetic wave concentrator according to claim 1, wherein said reinforcing structure is molded in said reflective surface- element #18 is adhered/molded to the back of the surface of the reflector. The other piece (#30) of the support surface is adhered/molded by an adhesive to surface #18.

Regarding claim 4, Rubin fails to specifically discloses the an ultra-lightweight electromagnetic wave concentrator according to claim 3, wherein said reinforcing

Application/Control Number: 10/635,641 Page 4

Art Unit: 2873

structure is formed in radially extending linear configuration or ring like concentric configuration.

In the same field of endeavor, Dane discloses a parabolic reflector/concentration where the reinforcing structure (see figure 2 for example) and reflective structure are formed in a radially extending linear configuration. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a linear extending support structure, as taught by Dane, since it is known in the art and it still provides a light weight parabolic concentrator with ease of assembly.

Regarding claim 6, Rubin discloses the an ultra-lightweight electromagnetic wave concentrator according to claim 1, wherein a reinforcing agent is coated or arranged over the entire or part of said reinforcing structure, or over the entire or part of the back side of said reflective surface (the adhesive used to hold the reinforcing structure together and used to hold the reinforcing structure to the reflector).

Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Murphy (US 4,875,467) discloses a support and maneuvering apparatus for solar energy receivers.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alicia M. Harrington whose telephone number is 571 272 2330. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Georgia Epps can be reached on 571 272 2328. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AMH

Alicia M Harrington Examiner Art Unit 2873